## **LISTING OF CLAIMS**

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the captioned application.

## Claims 1-35. (cancelled).

36. (previously presented) A method for preparing a compound of formula (9),

or a trifluoroacetate, fumarate, chloroacetate or methanesulfonate salt thereof; wherein  $R_1$  is hydrogen, phenyl $C_{1-6}$ alkyl, a saturated or partially unsaturated monocyclic or bicyclic heterocycle having 5 to 8 ring members, which contains one or more heteroatom ring members selected from nitrogen, oxygen or sulphur, or phenyl; or  $R_1$  is a radical of formula (10)

$$R_{11}a$$
 $R_{10}a$ 
 $R_{10}b$ 
 $R_{11}b$ 
 $R_{10}$ 

wherein  $R_9$ ,  $R_{10a}$  and  $R_{10b}$  are each independently, hydrogen,  $C_{1-4alkyl}$  and  $C_{1-4alkyl}$  aminocarbonyl, mono- or di( $C_{1-4alkyl}$ ) aminocarbonyl,  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{2-6alkynyl}$  or  $C_{1-4alkyl}$ ; or  $R_9$ ,  $R_{10a}$  and the carbon atoms to which they are attached may also form a  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyl radical;

L is -O-C(=O)- or -O- $C_{1-6}$ alkanediyl-C(=O)-, whereby in each case the C(=O) group is attached to the NR<sub>2</sub> moiety; and when L is -O- $C_{1-6}$ alkanediyl-C(=O)- or - NR<sub>12</sub>-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkanediyl-C(=O)-, then R<sub>9</sub> may also be oxo;

 $R_{11a}$  is selected from the group comprising hydrogen,  $C_{2\text{-}6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2\text{-}6}$ alkynyl,  $C_{3\text{-}7}$ cycloalkyl, phenyl, aminocarbonyl,  $C_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyloxycarbonyl, phenyloxycarbonyl,  $C_{1\text{-}4}$ alkylcarbonyl,  $C_{3\text{-}7}$ cycloalkylcarbonyl,  $C_{3\text{-}7}$ cycloalkylcarbonyloxy, carboxyl $C_{1\text{-}4}$ alkylcarbonyloxy,  $C_{1\text{-}4}$ alkylcarbonyloxy, phenyl $C_{1\text{-}4}$ alkylcarbonyloxy, phenylcarbonyloxy, phenyloxycarbonyloxy;

 $R_{11b}$  is selected from the group comprising hydrogen,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl, phenyl, or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl substituted with halogen, hydroxy,  $C_{1-4}$ alkylS(=O)<sub>t</sub>, phenyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl; t being zero, one or two;

whereby  $R_{11b}$  may be linked to the remainder of the molecule via a sulfonyl group;  $R_2$  is hydrogen;  $R_3$  is phenylmethyl;  $R_4$  is unsubstituted  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl;  $NR_6R_8$  is amino, monomethylamino or dimethylamino; and L is -O-C(=O)- or  $-O-C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkanediyl-C(=O)-, whereby in each case the C(=O) group is attached to the  $NR_2$  moiety;

the method comprising

## (a) aminating a compound of formula (6)

wherein PG is a protecting group and E is  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl; to obtain compound of formula (7),

wherein NR<sub>6</sub>R<sub>8</sub> is amino, monomethylamino or dimethylamino;

(b) deprotecting the compound of formula (7) to obtain compound of formula (8),

(c) and coupling a radical of formula  $R_1$ -L- to obtain the desired compound of formula (9),

or a trifluoroacetate, fumarate, chloroacetate or methanesulfonate salt thereof.